## LA35

The LA35 is a very quiet and powerful actuator, and provides a practical and cost-effective solution with low power consumption. The actuator is designed for a variety of both indoor and outdoor applications.


This TECHLINE ${ }^{\oplus}$ actuator comes with IC - Integrated controller.
For more information on our IC options, please see: www.linak.com/techline

## Features:

- 12 or 24 V DC Permanent magnetic motor

Options in general:

- Large variety of back fixtures and piston rod eyes
- Thrust 6000 N in push and 4000 in pull
- Max. speed up to $19.5 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$. depending on load and spindle pitch
- Stroke length from 100 to 600 mm
- Built-in endstop switches
- Stainless steel inner tube
- Protection class: IP66 (dynamic) and IP69K (static)
- Anti rotating piston rod eye
- Guided nut (only with 2 mm pitch)
- Integrated brake for high self-locking ability
- Exchangeable cables in different lengths
- Long life absolute feedback
- Safety nut in push
- Special anodised housing for extreme environments
- Potential free endstop signals
- IC options including:
- IC - Integrated Controller
- Hall sensor
- Analogue or digital feedback for precise positioning
- Endstop signals (not potential free)
- Ready signal for diagnostics


## Usage:

- Duty cycle at 6000 N and 3 mm pitch is max. 10\%
- Ambient operating temperature: $-25^{\circ}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, full performance from $+5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


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## Chapter 1

## Specifications

| Motor: | Permanent magnet motor 12 or 24 V * |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cable: | Motor: $2 \times 14$ AWG PVC cable |
|  | Control: $6 \times 20$ AWG PVC cable ** |
| Housing: | The housing is made of casted aluminium, coated for outdoor use and in harsh conditions |
| Spindle part: | Outer tube: Powder coated steel |
|  | Inner tube: Stainless steel AISI304/SS2333 |
|  | Acme spindle: Trapezoidal spindle with high efficiency |
| Temperature range: | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $-13^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
|  | Full performance $+5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Weather protection: | Rated IP66 for outdoor use. Furthermore, the actuator can be washed down with a high-pressure cleaner (IP69K). |
| Noise level: | $48 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$ measuring method DS/EN ISO 3743-1 actuator not loaded. |
| Compatibility: | The LA35 IC is compatible with SMPS-T160 (For combination possibilities, |
|  | please see the User Manual for SMPS-T160) |

* Modbus actuators only 24V - please see the

Modbus installation guide http://www.linak.com/techline/?id3=2363.
** Special control cabels for the Modbus actuator - please see the
Modbus installation guide http://www.linak.com/techline/?id3=2363.

Be aware of the following two symbols throughout this product data sheet:

Recommendations
Failing to follow these instructions can result in the actuator suffering damage or being ruined.
Additional information
Usage tips or additional information that is important in connection with the use of the actuator.

## Technical specifications

## LA35 with 12V motor

| Order number | Push <br> Max. <br> (N) | Pull Max. (N) | Self- <br> lock <br> min. <br> (N) <br> Push | Self- <br> lock <br> min. <br> (N) <br> Pull | Pitch (mm/ spindle rev.) | * Typical speed ( $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) |  | Standard stroke lengths (mm) in steps of 50 mm | * Typical amp. <br> (A) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | No <br> load | Full load |  | No <br> load | Full <br> load |
| 3510xx. | 6000 | 4000 | 6000 | 4000 | 3 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 100-300 | 1.6 | 7.5 |
| 3520xx. | 4000 | 4000 | 1500 | 1500 | 5 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 100-400 | 1.7 | 7.7 |
| 3521xx. push brake | 4000 | 4000 | 2500 | 1500 | 5 | 7.2 | 5.4 | 100-400 | 3.2 | 7.8 |
| 3522xx. pull brake | 4000 | 4000 | 1500 | 2500 | 5 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 100-400 | 4.2 | 8.4 |
| 3530xx. | 1500 | 1500 | 750 | 750 | 9 | 14.0 | 12.3 | 100-500 | 1.7 | 5.9 |
| 3531xx. push brake | 1500 | 1500 | 1000 | 750 | 9 | 14.2 | 12.6 | 100-500 | 2.9 | 5.5 |
| 3532xx. pull brake | 1500 | 1500 | 750 | 1000 | 9 | 14.4 | 11.2 | 100-500 | 3.0 | 5.4 |
| 3540xx. | 1000 | 1000 | 750 | 750 | 12 | 19.0 | 17.0 | 100-600 | 1.9 | 5.3 |
| 3541xx. push brake | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 750 | 12 | 17.9 | 16.9 | 100-600 | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| 3542xx. pull brake | 1000 | 1000 | 750 | 900 | 12 | 16.9 | 15.4 | 100-600 | 5.6 | 5.6 |

LA35 with 24V motor

| Order number | Push <br> Max. <br> (N) | Pull Max. (N) | Self- <br> lock min. (N) Push | Self- <br> lock min. <br> (N) Pull | Pitch (mm/ spindle rev.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { * Typical speed } \\ (\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{s}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Standard stroke lengths (mm) <br> in steps of 50 mm | * Typical amp. (A) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | No <br> load | Full <br> load |  | No <br> load | Full <br> load |
| 3510xx. | 6000 | 4000 | 6000 | 4000 | 3 | 5.1 | 4.0 | 100-300 | 0.9 | 4.2 |
| 3520xx. | 4000 | 4000 | 1500 | 1500 | 5 | 8.3 | 6.6 | 100-400 | 0.8 | 4.8 |
| 3521xx. push brake | 4000 | 4000 | 2500 | 1500 | 5 | 8.0 | 6.7 | 100-400 | 1.4 | 4.3 |
| 3522xx. pull brake | 4000 | 4000 | 1500 | 2500 | 5 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 100-400 | 2.1 | 4.6 |
| 3530xx. | 1500 | 1500 | 750 | 750 | 9 | 15.0 | 13.9 | 100-500 | 0.6 | 2.6 |
| 3531xx. push brake | 1500 | 1500 | 1000 | 750 | 9 | 14.5 | 14.1 | 100-500 | 1.2 | 2.9 |
| 3532xx. pull brake | 1500 | 1500 | 750 | 1000 | 9 | 14.7 | 13.9 | 100-500 | 1.5 | 3.0 |
| 3540xx. | 1000 | 1000 | 750 | 750 | 12 | 19.5 | 18.9 | 100-600 | 0.9 | 2.8 |
| 3541xx. push brake | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 750 | 12 | 18.9 | 17.8 | 100-600 | 1.3 | 2.8 |
| 3542xx. pull brake | 1000 | 1000 | 750 | 900 | 12 | 18.7 | 18 | 100-600 | 1.5 | 2.9 |

* The typical values can have a variation of $\pm 20 \%$ on the current values and $\pm 10 \%$ on the speed values.

Measurements are made with an actuator in connection with a stable power supply and an ambient temperature at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

To ensure maximum self-locking ability, please be sure that the motor is shorted when stopped.
Actuators with integrated controller have this feature incorporated.

- When using soft stop on a DC-motor, a short peak of higher voltage will be sent back towards the power supply. It is important when selecting the power supply that it does not turn off the output, when this backwards load dump occurs.


## Load versus Stroke Length



- Safety factor 2.

Stroke and built-in tolerances

| Platform options | Descriptions | Stroke tolerance | Example for 150 mm stroke | BID tolerance | Example for $\mathbf{3 5 0} \mathbf{~ m m ~ B I D ~}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $35 X X X X X X X X X X X X X$ | All variants | $+2 /-2 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 148 to 152 mm | $+2 /-2 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 348 to 352 mm |

## LA35 Dimensions



Stroke $=<300=200+$ Stroke


Stroke $>300=250+$ Stroke
Minimum installation dimension $=300 \mathrm{~mm}$


## LA35 Piston rod eyes

Option "0" and "2"


Option "3" AISI 304
$\phi 28 \pm 0.3$


Option "4" AISI 304
$\varnothing 32$



Option "C" and "D"
AISI 304


Option "E" and "F"
Option "G" and "H"
Stainless steel Stainless steel



## Cable dimensions

Y-cable dimensions:

*AWG: American Wire Gauge

Power cable dimensions:


## Cable dimensions

Signal cable dimensions:

| Violet: | $\varnothing 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Black: | $\varnothing 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Red: | $\varnothing 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Yellow: | $\varnothing 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Green: | $\varnothing 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| White: | $\varnothing 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |


*AWG: American Wire Gauge

## Speed and current curves - 12V motor

The values below are typical values and made with a stable power supply and an ambient temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

LA35-12V current vs load


LA35-12V speed vs load


## Speed and current curves - 24V motor

The values below are typical values and made with a stable power supply and an ambient temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

LA35-24V current vs load


LA35-24V speed vs load


## Chapter 2

I/O specifications: Actuator without feedback

| Input/Output | Specification | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description | Permanent magnetic DC motor. | (12 or 24VDC (+/-) <br> $12 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \%$ <br> $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ <br> Under normal conditions: <br> 12 V, max. 10A depending on load <br> 24 V, max. 5A depending on load |
| Brown | To extend actuator: <br> Connect Brown to positive <br> Connect Brown to negative |  |
| Blue | To extend actuator: <br> Connect Blue to negative <br> To retract actuator: <br> Connect Blue to positive |  |
| Red | Not to be connected |  |
| Black to be connected | Not to be connected |  |
| Green | Not to be connected |  |
| Yellow | Not to be connected |  |
| Violet | Not to be connected |  |
| White |  |  |

I/O specifications: Actuator with potential free endstop signal output

| Input/Output | Specification | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description | The actuator is equipped with potential free endstop <br> signals out. The micro switches are normally open. | 12 or 24VDC (+/-) <br> $12 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \%$ <br> $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ <br> Under normal conditions: <br> 12 V, max. 10A depending on load <br> 24 V, max. 5A depending on load |
| Brown | To extend actuator: <br> Connect Brown to positive <br> To retract actuator: <br> Connect Brown to negative |  |
| Blue | To extend actuator: <br> Connect Blue to negative <br> To retract actuator: <br> Connect Blue to positive |  |
| Red | Potential free signal power supply (+) <br> $10-28 V D C$ | Switching capacity: <br> Minimum 10mA <br> Maximum 1A |
| Black | Not to be connected |  |
| Green | Endstop signal out | Ontput voltage is the same as the input voltage |
| Yellow | Endstop signal in |  |
| Vot to be connected | Not to be connected |  |

I/O specifications: Actuator with potential free endstop signals and relative positioning - Single Hall

| Input/Output | Specification | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | The actuator is equipped with potential free endstop signals and Single Hall that gives a relative positioning feedback signal when the actuator moves. |  |
| Brown | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \text { or } 24 \mathrm{VDC}(+/-) \\ & 12 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \% \\ & 24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \% \end{aligned}$ <br> Under normal conditions: 12V, max. 10A depending on load 24 V , max. 5A depending on load | To extend actuator: Connect Brown to positive <br> To retract actuator: Connect Brown to negative |
| Blue |  | To extend actuator: Connect Blue to negative <br> To retract actuator: Connect Blue to positive |
| White | Signal power supply (+) 10-28VDC | Current consumption: <br> Max. 40 mA , also when the actuator is not running |
| Black | Signal power supply GND (-) |  |
| Green | Endstop signal out | Output voltage is the same as the input voltage |
| Yellow | Endstop signal in |  |
| Violet | Single Hall output (PNP) <br> Movement per Single Hall pulse: <br> 3 mm pitch $=0.38 \mathrm{~mm}$ per pulse <br> 5 mm pitch $=0.63 \mathrm{~mm}$ per pulse <br> 9 mm pitch $=1.13 \mathrm{~mm}$ per pulse <br> 12 mm pitch $=1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ per pulse <br> Frequency: <br> Frequency is $30-125 \mathrm{~Hz}$ on Single Hall output depending on load and spindle. <br> Overvoltage on the motor can result in shorter pulses. | Output voltage min. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I}}-2 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Max. current output: 12mA <br> Max. 680nF <br> N.B. For more precise measurements, please <br> contact <br> LINAK A/S. <br> Low frequency with a high load. Higher frequency with no load. |
| Red | Potential free signal power supply (+) 10-28VDC | Switching capacity: <br> Minimum 10 mA <br> Maximum 1A |

I/O specifications: Actuator with potential free endstop signals and absolute positioning

- Analogue feedback

| Input/Output | Specification | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Description | The actuator is equipped with potential free endstop <br> signals and an electronic circuit that gives an analogue <br> feedback signal when the actuator moves. | 12 or 24VDC (+/-) <br> $12 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \%$ <br> $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ <br> Under normal conditions: <br> 12 V, max. 10A depending on load <br> 24 V, max. 5A depending on load |
| Brown | To extend actuator: <br> Connect Brown to positive <br> To retract actuator: <br> Connect Brown to negative |  |
| Blue | To extend actuator: <br> Connect Blue to negative <br> To retract actuator: <br> Connect Blue to positive |  |
| White | Signal power supply ( + ) <br> $10-28 \mathrm{VDC}$ | Current consumption: <br> Max. 40mA, also when the actuator is not run- <br> ning |
| Black | Signal power supply GND ( - ) |  |

## I/O specifications: Actuator with IC

| Input/Output | Specification | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Easy to use interface with integrated power electronics (H-bridge). <br> The actuator can also be equipped with electronic circuit that gives an absolute or relative feedback signal. <br> The version with "IC option" cannot be operated with PWM (power supply). |  |
| Brown | $12-24 \mathrm{VDC}+(\mathrm{VCC})$ <br> Connect Brown to positive $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \% \\ & 24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \% \end{aligned}$ <br> 12V, current limit 18A <br> 24V, current limit 9A | Note: Do not change the power supply polarity on the brown and blue wires! <br> Power supply GND (-) is electrically connected to the housing <br> If the temperature drops below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, all current limits will automatically increase to maximum (no limits) |
| Blue | 12-24VDC - (GND) <br> Connect Blue to negative $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \% \\ & 24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \% \end{aligned}$ <br> 12V, current limit 18A <br> 24V, current limit 9A |  |
| Red | Extends the actuator | On/off voltages: $\begin{aligned} & >67 \% \text { of } V_{\text {IN }}=0 \mathrm{~N} \\ & <33 \% \text { of } \mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=0 \mathrm{FF} \end{aligned}$ <br> Input current: 10 mA |
| Black | Retracts the actuator |  |
| Green | Endstop signal out | Output voltage min. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}-2 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Source current max. 100 mA <br> Endstop signals are NOT potential free |
| Yellow | Endstop signal in |  |
| Violet | Analogue feedback: <br> Configure any high/low combination between 0-10V or $0.5-4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> 0-10V (Option A) <br> 0.5-4.5V (Option B) | Tolerances +/- 0.5 V <br> Max. current output: 1mA <br> Ripple max. 200 mV <br> Transaction delay 100 ms Linear feedback 0.5\% <br> It is recommendable to have the actuator to activate its limit switches on a regular basis, to ensure more precise positioning |
|  | Single Hall output (PNP) <br> Movement per Single Hall pulse: <br> 3 mm pitch $=0.38 \mathrm{~mm}$ per pulse <br> 5 mm pitch $=0.63 \mathrm{~mm}$ per pulse <br> 9 mm pitch $=1.13 \mathrm{~mm}$ per pulse <br> 12 mm pitch $=1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ per pulse <br> Frequency: <br> Frequency is $30-125 \mathrm{~Hz}$ on Single Hall output depending on load and spindle. <br> Overvoltage on the motor can result in shorter pulses. | Output voltage min. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{N}}-2 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Max. current output: 12mA <br> Max. 680nF <br> N.B. For more precise measurements, please contact LINAK A/S. <br> Low frequency with a high load. Higher frequency with no load. |
| White | Ready | The signal is constantly high when the actuator is in ready mode. <br> Failure modes: The signal goes low when: <br> - The current cuts off <br> - The temperature is out of range (high duty cycle protection) |

## Chapter 3

Environmental tests - Climatic

| Test | Specification | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cold test | EN60068-2-1 (Ab) EN60068-2-1 (Ad) | Storage at low temperature: <br> Temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Duration: 72h <br> Not connected <br> Tested at room temperature. <br> Storage at low temperature: <br> Temperature: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Duration: 12h <br> Tested at low temperature. |
| Dry Heat | EN60068-2-2 (Bb) <br> EN60068-2-2 (Bd) | Storage at high temperature: <br> Temperature: $+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Duration: 72h <br> Actuator is not powered during test <br> Tested at room temperature. <br> Storage at high temperature: <br> Temperature: $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Duration: 1,000h <br> Actuator is not powered during test <br> Tested at high temperature. <br> Operating at high temperature: <br> Temperature: $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Int. max. 17\% <br> Duration: 700h <br> Actuator is activated <br> Tested at high temperature. |
| Change of temperature | EN60068-2-14 (Na) <br> EN60068-2-14 (Nb) | Rapid change of temperature: <br> High temperature: $+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 60 minutes <br> Low temperature: $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 60 minutes <br> Transition time: <10 seconds <br> Duration: 100 cycles <br> Actuator is not powered during test <br> Tested at room temperature. <br> Controlled change of temperature: <br> Temperature change $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ pr. minute <br> High temperature: $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 60 minutes <br> Low temperature: $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 30 minutes <br> 130 minutes pr. cycle <br> Duration: 1,000 cycles (90 days) <br> Actuator is not powered during test. <br> Tested at 250, 500 and 1,000 cycles at low and high temperatures. |
| Damp heat | EN60068-2-30 (Db) <br> EN60068-2-3 (Ca) | Damp heat, Cyclic: <br> Relative humidity: 93-98\% <br> High temperature: $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 12 hours <br> Low temperature: $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 12 hours <br> Duration: 21 cycles * 24 hours <br> Actuator is not powered during test <br> Tested within 1 hour after condensation <br> That means after the upper temperature has been reached. <br> Damp heat, Steady state: <br> Relative humidity: 93-95\% <br> Temperature: $+40 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Duration: 56 days <br> Actuator is not powered during test <br> Tested within one hour after exposure. |
| Salt mist. | EN60068-2-52 (Kb) | Salt spray test: <br> Salt solution: 5\% sodium chloride ( NaCl ) <br> 4 spraying periods, each of 2 hours Humidity storage 7 days after each Actuator not powered during test Exposure time: 500 hours |

Environmental tests - Climatic

| Degrees of protection | EN60529 - IP66 <br> DIN40050 - IP69K | IP6X - Dust: <br> Dust-tight, No ingress of dust <br> Actuator is not activated during test. <br> IPX6 - Water: <br> Ingress of water in quantities causing harmful effects is not allowed <br> Duration: 100 litres pr. minute in 3 minutes <br> Actuator is not activated during test. <br> IPX6 - Connected actuator: <br> Actuator is driving out and in for 3 min . <br> $100(/ / \mathrm{min})$ jet of water is placed at the wiper ring for 3 min . <br> IPX6 - Connected actuator and push 6000 (N) <br> Actuator is driving out and in for 3 min . and push $6000(\mathrm{~N})$ at the end-pos. <br> $100(1 / \mathrm{min}$.$) jet of water is placed at the wiper ring for 3 \mathrm{~min}$. <br> High pressure cleaner: <br> Water temperature: $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Water pressure: 80 bar <br> Spray angle: $45^{\circ}$ <br> Spray distance: 100 mm <br> Duration: From any direction in $4 \times 30$ seconds <br> Actuator is not activated during test <br> Ingress of water in quantities causing harmful effects is not allowed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DUNK test | The actuator has been warmed up to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 hours After this it is cooled down in $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ saltwater Cooling time: 2 hours Opened for checking salt deposit and water. |
| Chemicals | BS7691 / 96hours | Diesel 100\% <br> Hydraulic oil 100\% <br> Ethylene Glucol 50\% <br> Urea Nitrogen saturated solution <br> Liquid lime 10\% (Super-Cal) <br> NPK Fertilizer (NPK 16-4-12) saturated <br> Tested for corrosion. |

Environmental tests - Mechanical

| Test | Specification | Comment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Free fall | EN60068-2-64 | Free fall from all sides: <br> Height of fall: 0.8 meter onto linoleum covered concrete <br> Actuator notpowered during test. |
| Vibration | Random vibration: <br> Short time test: 6.29 g RMS <br> Actuator is not connected <br> Long time test: 7.21 g RMS <br> Actuator is not powered during test <br> Duration: 2 hours in each direction |  |
| SN 60068-2-6 (Fc) | Sinus vibration: <br> Frequency $5-200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Displacement: 3.3 mm pp, B 25Hz <br> Acceleration 4g <br> Number of directions: 3 (X-Z-Y) <br> Duration: 2 hours in each direction <br> Actuator is not powered during test. |  |
| Bump | EN60068-2-29 (Eb) | Bump test: <br> Level: 25 g <br> Duration: 6 milliseconds x 1000 times in each direction pr. axis <br> Actuator is not powered during test. |
| Shock | EN60068-2-27 (Ea) | Shock test: <br> Level: Half sinus 100 g <br> Duration: 6 milliseconds <br> Number of bumps: 3 shocks in each of 6 directions <br> Actuator is not powered during test. |

## Environmental tests - Electrical

| Test | Specification | Comment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Power supply |  | Operating voltages $+7 \mathrm{~V}-+27 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Over voltage $+29(\mathrm{~V}) / 5 \mathrm{~min}$. <br> Reverse polarity $+7 \mathrm{and}+27(\mathrm{~V}) / 5 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| Electromagnetic fields | EN61000-4-3 | $30 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}, 80 \% \mathrm{AM}, 1 \mathrm{kHz} 20-2.700 \mathrm{Mhz}$ <br> $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}, 80 \% \mathrm{AM}, 1 \mathrm{kHz} 80-1000 \mathrm{Mh}$ <br> $3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~m}, 80 \% \mathrm{AM}, 1 \mathrm{kHz} 1.4-2.0 \mathrm{GHz}$ <br> $1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}, 80 \% \mathrm{AM} 2.0-2.7 \mathrm{GHz}$ |
| Fast transients | EN61000-4-4 | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| Surge transients | EN61000-4-5 | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}(42 \Omega$ output) |
| Radio frequency | EN61000-4-6 | $10 \mathrm{Vrms}, 80 \%$ AM $0.15-80 \mathrm{MHz}$ |

(1) All electrical tests are conducted and radiated emission (EMC) tests.

